Evaluation Methodology

Methodology for Impact Assessment on Traffic Efficiency and Environment

Freek Faber

Final Event 26-27 June 2012 Autoworld, Brussels





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Bringing intelligent vehicles to the road

Impact assessment challenges

Scaling to EU level impacts
Scaling to higher penetrations
Impacts per bundle or per function
Required data not always available



Methodology overview



Research questions, indicators, hypothesis and situational variables

What is the impact of the euroFOT function on...

- 8 travel time
- ø fuel consumption
- CO2 and regulated emissions
- 8 journey speed
- 8 delay
- 8 variation in speed
- Inetwork performance



Hypotheses

No.	Hypothesis	ACC and FCW	SRS	Navigation	FEA
1	The average speed will decrease	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
2	The number of vehicle km travelled will increase	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
3	Fuel consumption will decrease	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
4	Navigation systems increase the number of vehicle km travelled			\checkmark	
5	Navigation systems increase journey efficiency based on surrogate measures			\checkmark	



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Effect on travel time



Situational variables

- Function state (on, off, stand by)
- Solution Robinson Robinson
- Straffic state on motorway (Free flow, Congestion)
- Seather (Rain, No rain)
- Solution Lighting (Daylight, Dark)
- Solution Truck load (Empty, Loaded)
- *S* Speed limit (30, 50, 90, 110, 130)
- Section 3 Familiarity of route (Familiar, Unfamiliar)



Simulation modeling

- Solution To determine interaction when a large share of the vehicles is equipped
- Based on driving behaviour and usage observed in the FOT
- Emission modelling to determine other indicators than CO2
- Solution For ACC+FCW and for SRS because for these systems interaction effects are expected



Traffic efficiency – driver behaviour model in simulation





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Effect on travel time



Scaling to EU level impacts



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Summary

- Ø Direct and simulation route to determine direct effects
- Indirect effects based on safety effects
- Impact assessed for most common situations
- Complex experimental setup resulted in methodological challenges
 - Debundling of functions only partly possible
 - Good harmonisation of results from different VMCs
- Scaling to EU level was not always possible



8 Functionalities, 28 Partners, 1000 Vehicles **1 Field Operational Test, 8 Functionalities** 28 Partners, 1000 Vehicles, 1 Field Operational Test 8 Functionalities, 28 Partners, 1000 Vehicles **1 Field Operational Test, 8 Functionalities** 28 Partners, 1000 Vehicles, 1 Field Operational Test 8 Functionalities, 28 Partners, 1000 Vehicles **1 Field Operational Test**



